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UNITED STATES STANDARDS

for grades of

CANNED KADOTA FIGS

Third Issue
As Amended

EFFECTIVE JUNE 20, 1973

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

AGRICULTURAL MARKETING SERVICE

FRUIT AND VEGETABLE DIVISION

PROCESSED PRODUCTS STANDARDIZATION AND INSPECTION BRANCH

These standards-supersede the standards which have been in effect since August 16, 1957 This is the third issue of the United States Standards for Grades of Canned Kadota Figs. These standards are issued by the Department after careful consideration of all data and views submitted.

These standards were published in the Federal Register of July 16, 1957 (22 F.R. 5555) to become effective August 16, 1957. These standards were amended in Sections 52,2826 and 52,2827 (38 F.R. 13355) effective June 20, 1973.

This grade standard is issued under authority of the Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946, which provides for the issuance of official U. S. grades to designate different levels of quality for the voluntary use of producers, buyers, and consumers. Official grading service is also provided under this Act, upon request of the applicant, and upon payment of a fee to cover the cost of the service.

As is the case of other standards for processed fruits and vegetables, these standards are designed to serve as a convenient basis for sales, for establishing quality control programs, and for determining loan values. They will also serve as a basis for the inspection of this commodity by Federal inspection service, which is available for the inspection of other processed products as well.

These standards are issued by the Department after careful consideration of all data and views submitted and the Department welcomes suggestions which might aid in improving these standards in future revisions. Comments may be submitted to, and copies of these standards obtained from:

Chief, Processed Products Standardization and Inspection Branch Fruit and Vegetable Division, AMS U. S. Department of Agriculture Washington, D. C. 20250

UNITED STATES STANDARDS FOR GRADES OF CANNED KADOTA FIGS

Effective June 20, 1973

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AUTHORITY.— Agricultural Marketing Act of 1946 sec. 205, 60 Stat. 1090, as amended; U.S.C. 1624.

Note.—Compliance with the provisions of these standards shall not excuse failure to comply with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act or with applicable State laws and regulations.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION, STYLES, AND GRADES

§ 52.2821 Product description.

- (a) Canned figs.—"Canned figs" means "canned figs" as such product as defined in the standard of identity for canned figs (21 CFR 27.70) issued pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.
- (b) Canned Kadota figs.—"Canned Kadota figs" are canned figs of the Kadota variety. The provisions of the standards in this subpart cover canned Kadota figs only.
- (c) Canned "dietetic" Kadota figs.—
 For the purposes of the standards in this subpart, canned Kadota figs, when referred to as "canned 'dietetic' Kadota figs" means canned Kadota figs without nutritive sweetening ingredient(s) added and declared for dietary use, or with artificial sweetening ingredient(s) permissible for dietary use under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act.

§ 52.2822 Styles.

- (a) Style I.—Whole.
- (b) Style II.—Whole and split (or broken).
- (c) Style III.—Split (or broken) and whole.
 - (d) Style IV.—Split (or broken).

§ 52.2823 Grades.

(a) "U.S. Grade A" or "U.S. Fancy" is the quality of canned Kadota figs of Style I, Whole, that possess similar varietal characteristics, that possess a normal flavor and odor, that possess a good color; that are practically uniform in size for Style I, Whole, figs; that are practically free from defects, that possess

a good character, and that for those factors which are scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this subpart the total score is not less than 90 points: *Provided*, That canned Kadota figs may possess a reasonably good color; that Style I, Whole, figs may be reasonably uniform or fairly uniform in size; and may possess a reasonably good character, if the total score is not less than

90 points.

(b) "U.S. Grade B" or "U.S. Choice" is the quality of canned Kadota figs of Style I, Whole, that possess similar varietal characteristics, that possess a normal flavor and odor, that possess a reasonably good color; that are reasonably uniform in size for Style I, Whole, figs; that are reasonably free from defects, that possess a reasonably good character, and that for those factors which are scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this subpart the total score is not less than 80 points: Provided, That Style I, Whole, figs may be fairly uniform in size, if the total score is not less than 80 points.

(c) "U.S. Grade C" or "U.S. Standard" is the quality of canned Kadota figs of any style that possess similar varietal characteristics, that possess a normal flavor and odor, that possess a fairly good color; that are fairly uniform in size for style I, whole, figs; that are fairly free from defects, that possess a fairly good character, and that for those factors which are scored in accordance with the scoring system outlined in this subpart the total score is not less than 70 points: *Provided*, That style I, whole, figs may vary in size if the total score

is not less than 70 points.

(d) "Substandard" is the quality of canned Kadota figs that fail to meet the requirements of "U.S. Grade C" or "U.S. Standard".

LIQUID MEDIA, FILL OF CONTAINER, DRAINED WEIGHTS, AND FILL WEIGHTS

§ 52.2824 Liquid media and Brix measurements.

Cut-out requirements for liquid media in canned Kadota figs other than canned dietetic Kadota figs are not incorporated in the grades of the finished product since sirup or any other liquid medium, as such, is not a factor of quality for the purposes of these grades. The cut-out Brix measurement, as applicable, for the respective designations are as follows:

Designations	Brix measurement
"Extra heavy sirup"	26° or more but
	less than 35°.
"Heavy sirup"	21° or more but
	less than 26°.
"Light sirup"	16° or more but
	less than 21°.
"Slightly sweetened wa-	11° or more but
ter"	less than 16°.
"In water"	Not applicable.
	* *

§ 52.2825 Recommended fill of container.

The recommended fill of container for canned Kadota figs is not incorporated in the grades of the finished product since fill of container, as such, is not a factor of quality for the purposes of these grades. It is recommended that each container of canned Kadota figs be as full of figs as practicable without impairment of quality and that the product (including liquid medium) occupy not less than 90 percent of the volume of the container.

§ 52.2826 Recommended minimum drained weights.

- (a) General.—(1) The minimum drained weight recommendations in table I, for all styles of canned Kadota figs, are not incorporated in the grades of the finished product since drained weight, as such, is not a factor of quality for the purposes of these grades.
- (2) The recommended minimum drained weights are based on equalization of the product 30 days or more after the product has been canned.
- weights.—The drained weight of canned Kadota figs is determined by emptying the contents of the container upon a U.S. Standard No. 8 circular sieve of proper diameter containing 8 meshes to the inch (0.0937-in.±3 percent, square openings) so as to distribute the product evenly, including the sieve slightly to facilitate drainage, and allowing to drain for two minutes. The drained weight is the weight of the sieve and figs less the weight of the dry sieve. A sieve 8 in.in diameter is used for the equivalent of

No. 3 size cans (404 x 414) and smaller, and a sieve 12 in.in diameter is used for containers larger than the equivalent of the No. 3 size can.

(c) Definitions of symbols.—(1) \overline{X}_d —The average drained weight of all the

sample units in the sample.

(2) *LL*—Lower limit for drained weights of individuals sample units.

(d) Compliance with recommended drained weights.—A lot of canned Kadota figs is considered as meeting the minimum drained weight recommendations if the following criteria are met:

(1) The average of the drained weights from all the sample units in the sample meets the recommended minimum average drained weight (designated as " \overline{X}_4 " in table I); and

(2) The number of sample units which fail to meet the recommended drained weight lower limit for individuals (designated as "LL" in table I) does not exceed the applicable acceptance number specified in the single sampling plan of table II.

TABLE I .- RECOMMENDED MINIMUM DRAINED WEIGHTS FOR CANNED KADOTA FIGS

Container designations (metal, unless otherwise stated)	Container siz		Overflow capacity (fluid	All styles (and including canned dietetic Kadota figs) (ounces)		
	Width (inches)	Height (inches)	ounce)	LL	\overline{X}_{i}	
Z tall	211	304 _	8.2	4. 2 4. 2	5. (5. (
10. 300 10. 1 tall 10. 303	300 301 303	407 - 411 - 406 -		8. 1 9. 0 9. 0	9. 6 10. 6 10. 6	
[0, 303 glass	307 401	409 411	17.0	8. 7 11. 5 16. 6	9. 12. 18.	
(o. 2½ glass o. 10 (70 whole figs, or portions equivalent thereto, and less)	603	700 _	28.35	15. 8 60. 5	17. 63.	
To. 10 (71 whole figs, or portions equivalent thereto, and more)				63. 5	66.	

TABLE II.-SINGLE SAMPLING PLAN FOR DRAINED WEIGHTS

Sample size (number of sample units)	3	6	13	21	29	38	48	60	72
Acceptance No	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

§ 52.2827 Recommended minimum fill weights.

(a) General.—The minimum fill weight recommendations specified in table III are not incorporated in the grades of the finished product since fill weight, as such, is not a factor of quality for the purposes of these grades.

(b) Method for ascertaining fill weights.—Fill weight is determined in accordance with the U.S. Standards for Inspection by Variables and the U.S. Standards for Determination of Fill Weights.

(c) Definitions of terms and symbols.—"Subgroup" means a group of sam-

ple units representing a portion of a sample.

 $\overline{X'}_{\min}$ means the minimum lot average fill weight.

 $LWL_{\overline{X}}$ means the lower warning limit for subgroup averages.

 LRL_X means the lower reject limit for subgroup averages.

LWL means the lower warning limit for individual fill weight measurements.

LRL means the lower reject limit for individual fill weight measurements.

 \overline{R}' means a specified average range value. R_{max} means a specified maximum range for a subgroup.

"Sampling allowance code" means a code letter on the Sampling Allowance Chart of the U.S. Standards for Inspection by Variables. This letter identifies the appropriate line which gives the amount of sampling allowance to be applied to the specification average for fill weights in order to determine compliance with requirements for fill weight averages for a sample.

(d) Compliance with recommended fill weights.—Compliance with the recommended fill weights shall be in accordance with the acceptance criteria specified in the U.S. Standards for Inspection by Variables and the United States Standards for Determination of Fill Weights.

TABLE HI.—RECOMMENDED FILL WEIGHT VALUES FOR CANNED KADOTA FIGS

Container designation (metal, unless otherwise stated)	$ar{X}'_{ ext{min}}$	LWL₹	LRL_{X}^{-}	LWL	LRL	$ar{R}'$	$R_{ exttt{max}}$	Sampling allow- ance code
8Z tall	5, 3	4.8	4.5	4, 2	3, 6	1.3	2,7	J
8 oz glass	5. 3	4.8	4.5	4.2	3.6	1.3	2.7	J
No. 300	9.5	8.9	8.6	8. 2	7. 5	1.5	32	L
No. 1 tall whole	10.3	9.7	9. 3	8. 9	8.2	1.6	3.4	M
No. 1 tall other styles	10.6	10.0	9.6	9. 2	8.5	1.6	3.4	M
No. 303 whole	10. 5	9.9	9. 5	9.1	8.4	1.6	3.4	M
No. 303 other styles	10.8	10.2	9.8	9.4	8.7	1.6	3.4	M
303 glass whole	10. 2	9.6	9.2	8.8	8.1	1.6	3. 4	M
No. 2 whole	12.8	12.1	11.8	11.3	10.5	1.7	3.7	N
No. 2 other styles	13. 1	12.4	12. 1	11.6	10.8	1.7	3.7	N
No. 2½ whole	19.0	18.1	17.6	17.0	16.0	2.3	4.9	S
No. 2½ other styles	19. 2	18. 3	17.8	17. 2	16. 2	2.3	4.9	S
2½ glass whole	18. 2	17.3	16.8	16. 2	15.2	2.3	4.9	S
2½ glass other styles	18. 4	17. 5	17.0	16. 4	15. 4	2.3	4.9	S
No. 10 whole	69.0	67.5	66. 7	65. 6	63. 9	4.0	8.4	\boldsymbol{z}
No. 10 other styles	71.0	69. 5	68. 7	67.6	65. 9	4.0	8.4	\boldsymbol{Z}

FACTORS OF QUALITY

§ 52.2828 Ascertaining the grade.

- (a) General.—In addition to considering other requirements outlined in the standards the following quality factors are evaluated:
- (1) Factors not rated by score points.—(1) Varietal characteristics.

(ii) Flavor and odor.

(2) Factors rated by score points.— The relative importance of each factor which is scored is expressed numerically on the scale of 100. The maximum number of points that may be given such factors are:

Po	ints
Color Uniformity of size Absence of defects Character	20 20 30 30
Total score	100

(b) Definition of flavor and odor.—
"Normal flavor and odor" means that the canned Kadota figs (including the effects

of added spices, seasonings, or flavorings) are free from objectionable flavors and objectionable odors of any kind.

§ 52.2829 Ascertaining the rating for the factors which are scored.

The essential variations within each factor which is scored are so described that the value may be ascertained for each factor and expressed numerically. The numerical range within each factor which is scored is inclusive (for example, "18 to 20 points" means "18, 19, or 20 points").

§ 52.2830 Color.

(a) (A) classification.—Canned Kadota figs that possess a good color may be given a score of 18 to 20 points. "Good color" means a practically uniform, light amber or light greenish-yellow color that is bright and typical of properly processed canned Kadota figs; that not more than 5 percent, by count, of the figs may possess a reasonably good color; and that none of the figs possess a fairly good color.

(b) (B) classification.—If the canned Kadota figs possess a reasonably good -color, a score of 16 or 17 points may be given. "Reasonably good color" means a reasonably uniform and reasonably bright light green color that may lack a definite yellow cast but is typical of properly prepared and properly processed Kadota figs; and that not more than 10 percent, by count, of the figs may

possess a fairly good color.

(c) (C) classification.—If the canned Kadota figs possess a fairly good color, a score of 14 or 15 points may be given. Canned Kadota figs that fall into this classification shall not be graded above U.S. Grade C or U.S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Fairly good color" means a fairly good color that may possess a green, slightly milky, or a light brown color and that the figs may vary moderately in such typical color, but not more than 5 percent, by count, of the figs may be off-color, or one unit in a container is permitted to be off-color if such unit exceeds the 5-percent allowance.

(d) (SStd)classification. — Canned Kadota figs that fail to meet the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section may be given a score of 0 to 13 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

§ 52.2831 Uniformity of size.

(a) General.—The factor of uniformity of size for other than Style I, Whole, canned Kadota figs is not based on any detailed requirements and is not scored: the other three factors (color, absence of defects, and character) are scored and the total is multiplied by 100 and divided by 80, dropping any fractions to determine the total score.

(b) (A) classification.—Canned Kadota figs of Style I, Whole, that are practically uniform in size may be given a score of 18 to 20 points. "Practically uniform in size" means that in containers with less than 20 units the weight of the largest whole fig does not exceed the weight of the smallest whole fig by more than 50 percent; or, that in containers with 20 or more units, in 95 percent, by count, of the units that are most uniform in weight, the weight of the largest whole fig does not exceed the weight of the smallest whole fig by more than 50 percent.

(c) (B) classification.—If the canned Kadota figs of Style I, Whole, are reasonably uniform in size, a score of 16 or 17 points may be given. "Reasonably uniform in size" means that in containers with less than 20 units the weight of the largest whole fig does not exceed the weight of the smallest whole fig by more than 75 percent; or, that in containers with 20 or more units, in 95 percent, by count, of the units that are most uniform in weight, the weight of the largest whole fig does not exceed the weight of the smallest whole fig by more than 75 percent.

(d) (C) classification.—If canned Kadota figs of Style I, Whole, are fairly uniform in size, a score of 14 or 15 points may be given. "Fairly uniform in size" means that in containers with less than 20 units the weight of the largest whole fig may be not more than twice the weight of the smallest whole fig; or, that in containers with 20 or more units, in 95 percent, by count, of the units that are most uniform in weight, the weight of the largest whole fig may be not more than twice the weight of the smallest unit.

(e) (SStd) classification.—Canned Kadota figs that fail to meet the requirements of paragraph (d) of this section may be given a score of 0 to 13 points and shall not be graded above U.S. Grade C or U.S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a partial limiting rule).

§ 52.2832 Absence of defects.

(a) General.—The factor of absence of defects refers to the degree of freedom from harmless extraneous material (such as leaves, stems); from split (or broken) figs including severed figs; from figs blemished with scab, scars, bruises, discoloration; from caprified figs; and from figs damaged by mechanical, pathological, insect injury, or similar injury.

(b) Definitions of defects.—Figs that are blemished with scab, scars, bruises, discoloration, or other abnormalities or injury are considered under the classification of possessing "insignificant", "minor", or "major" defects.

(1) Insignificant defects.—"Insignifi-

cant defects" include:

(i) Very light color surface scars of any size that blend with the color of the

fig; and

(ii) Surface blemishes that are lighter than dark brown and that in the aggregate, singly or in combination on a unit, are less than the area of a circle onefourth inch in diameter.

(2) Minor defects.—"Minor" defects

include:

(i) Surface blemishes that are lighter than dark brown and that equal or exceed in the aggregate, singly or in combination on a unit, the area of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter but do not exceed in the aggregate the area of a circle one-half inch in diameter;

(ii) Dark brown or black surface blemishes which in the aggregate, singly or in combination on a unit, are less than the area of a circle one-fourth inch in

diameter: and

- (iii) Slight insect injury that is not serious.
- (3) Major defects.—"Major" defects include:
 - (i) Caprified figs;
- (ii) Surface blemishes that are lighter than dark brown and that exceed in the aggregate, singly or in combination on a unit, the area of a circle one-half inch in diameter;
- (iii) Blemishes that extend into the fruit, worm holes, serious insect damage, or similar injury, regardless of the area; and
- (iv) Dark brown or black surface blemishes which in the aggregate, singly or in combination on a unit, equal or exceed the area of a circle one-fourth inch in diameter but do not seriously affect the appearance of the unit.
- (4) Split (or broken) fig; severed fig.—A "split (or broken) fig" is one that is open to such an extent that the seed cavity is exposed, the shape of the fruit may be distorted, and the fruit may or may not be broken apart into entirely separate pieces. A "severed fig" is a split (or broken) fig which has been broken apart into entirely separate pieces. A fig

that is only slightly cracked and retains its natural conformation without exposing the interior is not considered a split (or broken) fig.

(5) Unit.—A "unit" or "unit of fig" in canned Kadota figs, for the purposes of ascertaining compliance with percentage allowances in this section means a "whole" fig; a split fig (or broken fig) which is not broken apart into entirely separate pieces; or portions of severed figs which are the approximate equivalent of a whole fig.

(c) (A) classification.—Canned Kadota figs that are practically free from defects may be given a score of 27 to 30

points.

(1) To score in this classification, not more than 10 percent, by count, of the units may be split (or broken): *Provided*,

That none are severed figs.

(2) "Practically free from defects" means that units which possess insignificant, minor, and major defects may be present which do not more than slightly affect the appearance of the product but that there may be present:

(i) Not more than 1 tough woody stem per 30 oz of total contents and no other

harmless extraneous material; and

- (ii) Not more than a total of 10 percent, by count, of the units may possess "minor" and "major" defects: Provided, That not more than 5 percent, by count. of the units may possess "major" defects. One unit in a container is permitted to possess "minor" or "major" defects; if such unit exceeds the respective allowances of 10 percent, or 5 percent, by count: Provided, That in all containers comprising the sample such possessing "minor" and "major" defects do not exceed an average of 10 percent of the total number of units including not more than an average of 5 percent of the total number of units that may possess "major" defects.
- (d) (B) classification.—If the canned Kadota figs are reasonably free from defects, a score of 24 to 26 points may be given. Canned figs that fall into this classification shall not be graded above U.S. Grade B, or U.S. Choice, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

(1) To score in this classification not more than 15 percent, by count, of the units may be split (or broken): *Provided*, That not more than 3 percent, by count, of the units may be severed figs. One unit in a container is permitted to be severed if such unit exceeds the 3 percent allowance: *Provided*, That in all containers comprising the sample such units do not exceed the average of 3 percent of the total number of units.

(2) "Reasonably free from defects" means that units which possess insignificant, minor, and major defects may be present which do not materially affect the appearance of the product but that

there may be present:

(i) Not more than 2 tough woody stems per 30 ounces of total contents and not more than 1 piece of other harmless extraneous material per 100 ounces of

total contents; and

(ii) Not more than a total of 20 percent, by count, of the units may possess "minor" and "major" defects: Provided, That not more than 10 percent, by count. of the units, may possess "major" defects. One unit in a container is permitted to possess "minor" or "major" defects, if such unit exceeds the respective allowances of 20 percent, or 10 percent, by count: Provided, That in all containers comprising the sample such possessing "minor" and "major" defects do not exceed an average of 20 percent of the total number of units including not more than an average of 10 percent of the total number of units that may possess "major" defects.

(e) (C) classification.—If the canned Kadota figs are fairly free from defects, a score of 21 to 23 points may be given. Canned Kadota figs that fall into this classification shall not be graded above U.S. Grade C or U.S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product

(this is a limiting rule).

(1) To score in this classification:

(i) In Style I, Whole, not more than 20 percent, by count, of the units may be split (or broken): *Provided*, That not more than 5 percent, by count, of the units may be severed figs. One unit in a container is permitted to be severed if such unit exceeds the 5 percent allowance: *Provided*, That in all containers comprising the sample such units do not

exceed an average of 5 percent of the total number of units; or

(ii) In the styles other than Style I, Whole, not more than 10 percent, by count, of the units may be severed figs.

- (2) "Fairly free from defects" means that units which possess insignificant, minor, and major defects may be present which do not seriously affect the appearance of the product but that there may be present:
- (i) Not more than three tough woody stems and not more than one piece of other harmless extraneous material per 30 oz of total contents; and

(ii) Not more than a total of 40 percent, by count, of the units may possess "minor" and "major" defects: *Provided*, That not more than 20 percent, by count, of the units may possess "major" defects.

(f) (SStd) classification.—Canned Kadota figs that fail to meet the requirements of paragraph (e) of this section may be given a score of 0 to 20 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

§ 52.2833 Character.

(a) General.—Under the factor of character, consideration is given to the degree of ripeness, the texture and condition of the flesh, the firmness and tenderness of the canned fig, and its tendency to retain its apparent original conformation and size without material disintegration.

(b) (A) classification.—Canned Kadota figs that possess a good character may be given a score of 27 to 30 points. "Good character" means that the canned Kadota figs are well matured and fleshy and have a practically uniform, tender texture; that not more than 5 percent, by count, of the figs may possess a reasonably good character; and none possess

a fairly good character.
(c) (B) classification.

(c) (B) classification.—If the canned Kadota figs possess a reasonably good character, a score of 24 to 26 points may be given. "Reasonably good character" means that the canned Kadota figs have a reasonably uniform, reasonably tender texture; and that not more than 10 percent, by count, of the figs may possess a fairly good character.

(d) (C) classification.—If the canned Kadota figs possess a fairly good character, a score of 21 to 23 points may be given. Canned Kadota figs that fall into this classification shall not be graded above U.S. Grade C or U.S. Standard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule). "Fairly good character" means that the canned Kadota figs may be variable in texture from very soft to firm but are not excessively mushy nor excessively firm.

(e) (SStd) classification.—Canned Kadota figs that fail to meet the requirements of paragraph (d) of this section may be given a score of 0 to 20 points and shall not be graded above Substandard, regardless of the total score for the product (this is a limiting rule).

LOT INSPECTION AND CERTIFICATION § 52.2834 Ascertaining the grade of a lot.

The grade of a lot of canned Kadota figs covered by these standards is determined by the procedures set forth in the Regulations Governing Inspection and Certification of Processed Fruits and Vegetables, Processed Products Thereof, and Certain Other Processed Food Products (§§ 52.1 to 52.87).

Score Sheet.

Size and kind of container
Container mark or identification
Label
Net weight (ounces)
Vacuum (inches)
Drained weight (ounces)
Brix measurement
Sirup designation (extra heavy, heavy, etc.)
Style
Style Percent split (or broken)
Count (in whole style)

Factors	Score points			
Color	20	(A) (B)	18-20 16-17	
Uniformity of size	20	(C) (SStd) (A) (B)	1 14-15 1 0-13 18-20 16-17	
Absence of defects	30	(C) (SStd) (A) (B)	14-15 2 0-13 27-30 1 24-26	
Character	3 0	(C) (SStd) (A)	1 21-23 1 0-20 27-30	
Total score	100	(B) (C) (SStd)	24-26 1 21-23 1 0-20	
TOTAL BOOLD	100			

1 Limiting rule.

The U.S. Standards for Grades of Canned Kadota Figs, as herein amended, shall become effective June 20, 1973 and thereupon will supersede the U.S. Standards for Grades of Canned Kadota Figs which have been in effect since August 16, 1957.

Varietal characteristics: () Similar () Dissimilar

Normal flavor and odor_____

Dated May 10, 1973.

E. L. Peterson,
Administrator,
Agricultural Marketing Service.

Published in the Federal Register, July 16, 1957 (22 F.R. 5555)
Sections 52.2826 and 52.2827 amended June 20, 1973 (38 F.R. 13355).

² Partial limiting rule.





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